

Soil Water Management (I002708)

Due to Covid 19, the education and evaluation methods may vary from the information displayed in the schedules and course details. Any changes will be communicated on Ufora.

Course size (nominal values; actual values may depend on programme)
Credits 5.0 Study time 150 h Contact hrs 50.0 h

Course offerings and teaching methods in academic year 2020-2021

A (semester 2)	English	Gent	self-reliant study activities	0.0 h
			seminar: practical PC room classes	20.0 h
			lecture: plenary exercises	1.25 h
			seminar: coached exercises	1.25 h
			lecture	27.5 h

Lecturers in academic year 2020-2021

Cornelis, Wim LA20 lecturer-in-charge

Offered in the following programmes in 2020-2021

	crdts	offering
International Master of Science in Soils and Global Change (main subject Physical Land Resources and Global Change)	5	A
Master of Science in Physical Land Resources (main subject Soil Science)	5	A
Master of Science in Bioscience Engineering: Land and Water Management	5	A
Exchange Programme in Bioscience Engineering: Agricultural Sciences (master's level)	5	A
Exchange Programme in Bioscience Engineering: Environmental Technology (master's level)	5	A
Exchange Programme in Bioscience Engineering: Land and Forest management (master's level)	5	A

Teaching languages

English

Keywords

Soil-hydrological processes, soil hydraulic properties, water conservation, water harvesting, water balance, sustainability, water productivity, rainfed

Position of the course

Soil-water management is essential for sustainable crop production while minimizing environmental risks, and to build resilience to droughts and floods, particularly under a changing climate. The course provides deeper insight in soil hydrological processes and presents a wide range of practices to improve the partitioning of rainwater hence optimizing the water regime. Such practices contribute to address several Sustainable Development Goals directly and indirectly, and to formulate evidence-based sustainable solutions to climate change (i.e. adaptation).

Contents

PARTIM A. Concepts and principles of rainwater partitioning and soil-water management practices

1. Building resilience against drought: the soil-water management perspective
Part 1. Rainwater partitioning
2. Infiltration - entry of water into soil
3. Redistribution of water in soil
4. Evaporation from bare soil

5. Surface runoff

Part 2. Soil-water management practices to increase crop productivity

6. Improving restricted rainfall infiltration
7. Physical structures across slope or along contour
8. Reducing water losses from evaporation and excessive transpiration
9. Reducing rainwater drainage beyond the rooting zone
10. Improving soils with restricted rooting
11. Maximizing usefulness of low and erratic rainfall

PARTIM B. Methods to evaluate and model rootzone water balance

12. Assessing components of rootzone water balance
13. Crop response to water using the crop-water model AquaCrop

Practical exercises

The practical exercises comprise a variety of exercises in Excel and with the computer simulation models Hydrus and AquaCrop.

Initial competences

'Soil-water Management' primarily builds on the learning outcomes of the course 'Soil Physics'. The learning outcomes may also have been achieved in a different way.

Final competences

- 1 Explain how to use water sustainably and advice policy makers accordingly.
- 2 Explain the components of the field water cycle.
- 3 Select and evaluate techniques to conserve and harvest rainwater, in order to increase water productivity while minimising the environmental risks.
- 4 Use the Hydrus computer model to simulate changes in water content and matric potential during infiltration, redistribution and evaporation processes.
- 5 Use the AquaCrop model to predict crop-response to water under various conditions.

Conditions for credit contract

Access to this course unit via a credit contract is determined after successful competences assessment

Conditions for exam contract

This course unit cannot be taken via an exam contract

Teaching methods

Lecture, self-reliant study activities, lecture: plenary exercises, seminar: coached exercises, seminar: practical PC room classes

Extra information on the teaching methods

Lecture: interactive ex cathedra lectures (slides can be downloaded from Minerva); all lectures are given in PC rooms which enables an optimal mix between theory and practical work

Seminars: coached exercises, practical PC room classes, self-reliant study activities: assignments start during the contact hours; if not finished they need to be completed at home and Hydrus screen shots and excel sheets need to be uploaded in Minerva prior to the next lecture.

Learning materials and price

A syllabus is available. Additional documentation (slide shows, background information, exercises, video) can be found on Ufora platform. Cost: 5.0 EUR

References

Hillel, D. (1998). Environmental soil physics. Academic Press, San Diego Hudson, N.W. (1987). Soil and water conservation in semi-arid areas FAO Soils Bulletins 57, Rome
Shaxson, F. and Barber, R. (2003). Optimizing soil moisture for plant production. The significance of soil porosity. FAO Soils Bulletin 79, Rome

Course content-related study coaching

The lectures enable intensive interaction between instructors and students, during which ample opportunity is provided for questioning and discussion. Instructors (professor/assistants) are available for questions and further explanations on appointment.

Evaluation methods

end-of-term evaluation and continuous assessment

Examination methods in case of periodic evaluation during the first examination period

Written examination with open questions

Examination methods in case of periodic evaluation during the second examination period

Written examination with open questions

Examination methods in case of permanent evaluation

Participation, assignment

Possibilities of retake in case of permanent evaluation

examination during the second examination period is possible in modified form

Extra information on the examination methods

Written exam with open questions: 3 to 4 short answer and essay questions; 2 exercises; participation: solutions to exercises (Excel files or screen shots of Hydrus simulation model results) need to be uploaded on Ufora; assignment: scenario analysis of various options to build resilience to drought with the AquaCrop model.

Calculation of the examination mark

End-of-term assessment: 70%, continuous assessment: 30%

Students who eschew period aligned and/or non-period aligned evaluations for this course unit may be failed by the examiner.